Alexandria DAILY Gazette, Commercial & Political.

VOL X.] WEDNESDAY, MAY 23, 1810. 2798.

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD
At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water streets,
A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day——All kinds of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. Marstelle [illegible]

Just Received,
AND FOR SALE BY
CHARLES I. CATLETT,

75 chests Imperial, Hyson, & Young Hyson Teas.
30,000 lbs. prime Green Coffee.
20 pipes and 8 quarter casks Lisbon and Teneriffe Wine.
8 hogsheads Muscovado Sugar,
2000 lbs. Seine Twine.
50 boxes Mould Candles.
50 do. Spanish Segars.
8 barrels Pimento.

October 16.

ROBERT GRAY,
BOOK-SELLER, KING-STREET,
has lately received for sale the following articles:

Talleyrand's Memoir concerning the commercial relations of the United States with England.
Zollikoffer's Sermons on Education.
Remarks on Adams' Review of Ames' works.
Mrs. Chapone's works.
Macknight on the Epistles, vol. 1st, to be comprised in 6 vols. octavo—price to subscribers 2 dolls. 50 cts. in boards.
Guthrie's Geographical, Historical, and Commercial Grammar, improved, 2 vols. octavo.
The works of President Edwards, 8 vols octavo.
The works of Dr Rush, 4 vols. octavo.
Ainsworth's Latin Dictionary.
Brooks' Gazetteer.
Hutchinson's Xenophon.
Gibson's and Jesse's Surveying.
Murphy's Lucian.
Barlow's Columbiad, 2 vols. 12mo.
American Register, vol. 5th.
Dr. Ramsay's History of South Carolina, 2 vols. octavo, boards—price 5 dolls. 50 cts.

☞ Subscriptions received by R. Gray for the Monthly Anthology, Macknight on the Epistles, and a new American Dispensatory, all now publishing by subscription in town.

MUSCOVADO SUGAR.

About 130,000 lbs. of Muscovado Sugars of a superior quality in casks, weighing from 18 to 23 hundred each, will be sold on generous terms, on application to

James Patton,
or
Marsteller & Young,

March 18. d

Joseph Mandeville,
Corner of King and Fairfax streets, has for sale,

8 pipes London Particular Madeira, old and of superior quality
15 quarter casks Malaga Wine
6 do. Colmenar do.
10 do. Sherry, BB & DG Brands
20 cases old Claret and Vin de Grave
50 barrels Whiskey
8 hhds. and 10 barrels Northern Rum
Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson and Hyson Skin TEAS, of the best qualities.

With a general assortment of Wines, Liquors and Groceries as usual, on moderate terms.

March [illegible]

Russia and Ravens DUCK.

One Hundred Bolts
First quality Russia and Ravens Duck.
ALSO,
50 boxes fresh LEMONS,
10 bags Pimento,
20[illegible] bushels of Salt,
2 pipes old Port Wine of a very superior quality——*For sale by*

John G. Ladd.

April 27.

Thomas M. Davies,

Begs leave respectfully to inform the public that he has received from Philadelphia,
A very general assortment of Ladies', Misses' and Mens' SHOES,
of the best fabric, selected with care by himself. Also, batters leather, Benninghove's and Dick's Scotch and Rappee Snuff, and hair Sieves.

All of which he offers for sale on moderate terms, with liberal allowance to those who take a quantity.

BOOTS as usual, made at his shop, of the best materials and newest fashions.

May 18. 6t

Public Sale.

PURSUANT to a deed of trust to the subscriber, from John Potts and Eliza his wife to secure the payment of certain sums of money due to the Bank of Alexandria from George North and co. will be exposed to public sale at auction on Wednesday the sixth of June next at 11 o'clock in the forenoon on the premises

A certain Lot or piece of Land,

with the buildings thereon, bounded by Henry, Oronoko, Fayette and Pendleton streets, and which is subject to a ground rent of one hundred and thirty three dollars and thirty three cents per annum, forever. Terms of sale Cash.

Ludwell Lee, *Trustee.*

May 15th. 1810. d. 3. w

Thirty Dollars Reward

Will be given for apprehending and securing in jail negro SOLOMON, who was seen lurking about the suburbs of Alexandria this morning; he is of low stature, about twenty years old, and had on an old white hat, brown coat and striped pantaloons: good deal worn. It is supposed he is now in town. All persons are hereby forewarned from harboring or carrying off said negro.

Thomas Hunton.

May 3—8. dtf

Joseph H. Mandeville,
Offers for sale the following articles, wholesale or retail.

3000 bush. Lisbon and Liverpool Salt
20000 lbs Green Coffee, in barrels and bags
5000 Goshen Cheese, of excellent quality in casks
1000 New England do. do.
200 bbls. of Herrings, Shad and Mackarel
50 tons Plaister Paris
20 bales prime Upland Georgia Cotton.
10 hhds. Jamaica, Antigua and Demarara Rum
4 pipes French and ditto Brandy
15 hhds. Muscovado Sugar
50 bbls. do. do. different qualities
2 hhds. Copperas
Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson and Hyson Skin, } TEAS.
Madeira, Lisbon, Claret, and Catalonia } WINES.
Holland and Country Gin
New England Rum in hhds. and bbls.
Peach and Apple Brandy in bbls.
Martinique Cordials, in boxes
Loaf and Lump Sugar, Havannah Honey per gallon, Figblue,
Molasses in hhds. Spanish Flotant Indigo, Spanish Cigars, Butter,
Harris's and Taylor's manufactured Tobacco in kegs,
Gunpowder and Shot of different sizes,
Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Pepper, Pimento, Chocolate Nos. 1 and 3, Mould and Dipt Candles,
Malaga Raisins in boxes,
Pipes in boxes, 3 gross each,
Hingham box's, Hamilton's Garrett's and Leiper's Snuff in bottles,
London and Philadelphia Mustard,
Writing and Wrapping Paper,
Bed Cords, Leading Lines, &c.

ALSO,

A constant supply of WATER CRACKERS and best SUPERFINE FLOUR, by retail, and
30 hhds. of Maryland and Virginia Tobacco.

JUST RECEIVED,

2 pipes Northern Gin, first quality.
40 barrels *Russetting* Apples.
For sale by

John G. Ladd.

May 15.

FOR SALE OR FREIGHT,

The beautiful new Sloop
ALPHA,

Burthen about 800 barrels—This vessel is in all respects complete and an uncommon swift sailer. Apply to Captain *Gilbert Howland*, on board, or to

John G. Ladd.

May 19.

Bryan Hampson. & Co.

Have just received and offer for sale,
15 hhds. first quality New Orleans sugar.
30 bales Upland Georgia cotton.
5 hhds. Jamaica and Antigua rum.
15 do. New England do.
15 hhds. first quality molasses.
10 tierces rice.
600 lbs. Bengal Indigo.
400 do. Flotant do.
15 bags heavy pepper.
15 do. pimento.
10 boxes best Albany chocolate.
30 do. Bakers do.
20 qr. casks Malaga wine.
300 reams writing and wrapping paper.
AND ON HAND,
London particular Madeira, Do. do. Teneriffe, Sherry, Sicily, Madeira & Port } WINES
All of the first quality in pipes and quarter casks.
Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson and Hyson Skin } TEAS
20,000 lbs. green coffee in bags, and a general assortment of all kinds of groceries.
Selected flour for family use.

LANDING THIS DAY,
From on board the ship Almira, and for sale by the subscriber,
30 hhds. Muscovado SUGAR,
59 bags and 3 bls.
PRIME GREEN COFFEE.

Jacob Morgan,
Tucker's wharf.

☞ *Who will give Cash for good W. O. hogshead and barrel STAVES.*

May 1. d

FOR SALE,

A valuable new MERCHANT MILL, in complete repair, with two pair of French burrs for wheat and one pair of Allegany stones for corn. There is machinery of every description for conveying the wheat into the waggon and from the packing with a very small portion of manual labor. It may be tended with less than half the labor in common mills. It is situate on the main turnpike road leading from Ashby's Gap to Alexandria, on a good stream of water as any in the parts. It is capable of making 30 barrels of flour every twenty four hours;—It is also expected the new paved road will come directly by it, which will make the carriage of flour to Alexandria short, cheap and easy.

Any person wishing to purchase will do well to make immediate application, as possession will be given the first of July. It is presumed that any person wishing to purchase would want to see the premises, where the terms will be made known by

Joseph Hatcher,
OR
Samuel Hatcher,
Near Leesburg.

April 17.

Public Sale.

Under the authority of a decree of the United States Circuit Court of the District of Columbia, held at Alexandria, the subscribers will offer at public sale, on the 1st day of June next, at the Coffee House,

Three Squares of GROUND,
near the Spring Gardens;
A number of valuable building LOTS,
on King, Alfred and Patrick streets.

ALSO

Several well secured GROUND RENTS

One fourth of the purchase money will be required in hand, and on the balance a credit of 6, 12 and 18 months will be allowed on negotiable notes with approved endorsers. The title will be made on the payments being completed.

James Sanderson,
Robert L. Taylor.

May 4

Union College Lottery.

State of the wheel after the 19th day's drawing.

3 prizes of $5,000 dollars each.
1 10,000
2 2,000
3 250 tickets each.
3 of 1000
22 500
18 200
29 100
78 50
134 20
4517 10

33,600 to draw. Gain of the wheel 1750 dollars.

Present price of tickets $ 15 for sale by

R. Gray.

May 22.

LAW BOOKS.

Tucker's Blackstone, 5 vols.
Burrow's Reports, 5 vols.
Hening and Mumford's do. 3 vols.
Binney's do. 1
Douglas's do. 2 vols.
Schoale and Leroy's do. 1
Selwin's Nisiprius, 2 vols.
Buller's do. 1
Espinass's do. 2 vols.
Tidd's Practice in Chancery, 2 vols.
Harrison's do. 2 vols.
Peters' Admiralty Decisions
Sugden's Law of Vendors
Kidd on Awards
Park on Insurances
Watson on Partnerships
Chitty on Bills
Maxwell on do.
Newland on Contracts
Roberts on Fraudulent Conveyances
Ditto on Frauds
Chitty on Pleading, 2 vols.
Powell on Devises
Coleman and Cain's Cases
Peake's Evidence
East's Crown Law, 2 vols.
Anthon's abridgement of Blackstone
Butler's Horæ Juridicæ
Hening's Virginia Justice
Revised Code of the Laws of Virginia
Montefiore's Commercial Precedents
Beccaria on Crimes and Punishments

ALSO,

Milnor's Church History, 2 vols.

Sequel to the Antidote to Miseries of Human Life, containing a further account of the Widow Placid and her daughter Rachel, by the same author.

☞ Orders for Law, Medical, Theological or Classical Books received as above and executed with all convenient dispatch.

TO LET,

THAT valuable stand for wet or dry goods on the corner of King & Washington streets. Possession will be given in one or three months, and it will be rented for one or three years.

Richard Lewis.

May 9. eotf.

Bank of Potomac,

May 3, 1810.

Notice is hereby given the Stockholders of the Bank of Potomac,

THAT a dividend of Four per Cent. has been declared on the capital stock for the last half year, which will be paid them, or their representatives on Tuesday next, the 8th instant.

By order of the President and Directors,
Charles Page, *Cashier.*

May 4. 3tawtw

A Tanner and Currier Wanted.

I WISH to employ a man capable of superintending a *Tan-Yard and Currying Shop.* One that can come well recommended for sobriety, industry and workmanship, will meet with constant employ and liberal wages.

Jacob Janney.

Occoquan 4th mo. 3

Public Sale.

By Order of the Orphan's Court of Alexandria County,
WILL BE SOLD,
at the Market Square, on Wednesday the 23d inst. between the hours of 9 and 12 o'clock,
Sundry Household Furniture,
belonging to the estate of Mary Wesson deceased.

D. Minor, D. M.
for Wm. Lloyd, Marshal.

May 17.

Alexandria Daily Gazette,
COMMERCIAL & POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette 6 Dollars per annum.
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 23.

From the Freeman's Journal.

Letters upon French Influence.

No. III.

To the People of the United States.

THE constitution makes it the duty of the President, "From time to time to give to the Congress information of the state of the Union, and *recommend* to their consideration such measures, as he shall judge necessary and expedient." This duty Mr. Jefferson was not very much in the habit of performing. Or rather, like Mr. Erskine, he departed from the LETTER of his "instructions," to execute what he chose to deem their SPIRIT. The gun-boat system, and the project of paying money to France, as the price of peace, under the pretence of purchasing Florida from Spain, were prominent instances of this policy. His conduct, in both those cases, will be reviewed at large, and with *original* illustrations, in future numbers. A better service to the interests of political truth, and of course to those of the "GOOD OLD UNITED STATES," can hardly be rendered. The review will involve a complete defence of the "republican minority," or democratic seceders from French policy, and will be followed by their acquittal of the charge, that their conduct resulted from impure motives, and was the consequences of disappointment.

The power to give information to Congress, could not have been intended to mean the same as to withhold information from the people. This construction would evidently be contrary to the acknowledged theory of the constitution. It can never be too much insisted on, by real republicans, that the constitution is the act of "We the People," and that "to secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity," forms the summit of the climax descriptive of the objects for which the constitution was ordained and established. The political system of our country was not calculated, by its authors, for the meridian of a region ruled by a "dark divan." It was meant for a realm of light & lustre. It was never intended that the president should be secluded in a "seraglio," or shut up with "cardinals in conclave." It was not contemplated that a weak and nerveless, but intriguing president, or any other president with a small majority of obsequious partizans in the legislature, should shroud that venerable body in darkness, and force the minority to debate and act, week after week and almost month after month, excluded from the light of popular communication, and almost from the light of Heaven. The framers of the constitution, clearly, did not contemplate any such thing as the communication of secret 'information' from the president to congress, or they would have provided for the exercise of a power which they could deem no less important than that given to the two houses of congress to keep a secret journal.

But the president together with the senate, is vested with the power of making treaties. Treaties require secrecy. Yet the president has not power even to oblige the senate to consider his communications as confidential. That body must exercise its own judgement in such a case. And the majority has no other right to close the mouths of the minority than what results from the authority given by the constitution to both houses to "publish a journal, *excepting such parts as may in their judgement require secrecy.*" Still a member of the minority, ought not in any common case, to publish any part of the proceedings contrary to the will of the majority.—— Mr. Mason was censured for publishing the British treaty, even by some of his own party. But how far do the rights of the president, in consequence of the treaty making power go to seal the lips of the members of the house of representatives? Can he communicate what papers he pleases to that body, and by a nod from his political Olympus, impose upon that body the degrading necessity of being silent as to their contents, at his own discretion? Is the injunction to produce concealment of the substance or the form of the documents, of both substance and form, or of which, exclusively of the other? Have the members no right to examine the subject for themselves, and form an opinion whether the papers communicated do or do not belong to the proper sphere of the treaty making power? And if the house neglects to make a decision involving such an opinion, are individual members precluded from it, as it respects the regulation of their own conduct? As it is a mere matter of opinion how far the house of representatives possess any constitutional power of co-operating with the president and senate in the formation of treaties, is not every member to judge for himself how far he is bound to respect the opinion of the executive upon that subject? Is it not the better opinion, even upon the principles of the democrats themselves, that the house of representatives have no *previous agency* whatever in the matter of treaties, but a power and that to be exercised in extreme cases only, of checking the president and senate, when they make treaties destructive to the state, by refusing to make the appropriations to carry such treaties into effect? And if this be correct, what power has the president to communicate to the house documents respecting a treaty contemplated or commenced, and what right has the house to act upon them in that character? If such powers and rights exist, are they unlimited in duration as well as in extent. Are they to operate upon particular cases, not only in the present, but through every future age? Some of these, as Dr. Franklin said to the House of Lords, are *deep questions*. All of them are momentous. It would be absurd to contend that the right of imposing secrecy upon a member of Congress ceases to operate upon that member when he ceases to be a member. In that case, it would only be necessary for a member to resign his seat, to become entitled to the priviledge of publishing the whole of the secret journals of the body to which he belonged. No. Let reasonable constructions be made in all doubtful cases. So far as the *right* to impose the injunction of secrecy is fairly warranted by the constitution, it must be admitted that the duration of the obligation resulting from the exercise of that right, must depend upon the pleasure of the body by whom it is thus constitutionally exercised. And it is certain that each house of Congress does possess the right of keeping a secret journal of its proceedings. Its power to conceal political documents, relative to the "common defence and general welfare," is quite another thing. Documents, especially executive ones, are not regularly a part of the journal. When printed for the use of the members, they are printed in distinct sheets, unconnected with the journal, and never considered as a part of it, not considered even as appendices to it. If the President communicates papers professedly relating to the intended origination of a treaty, which papers are not entered on the secret journal, what have they to do with the constitutional powers of the house to keep a secret journal of its proceedings? What natural connection have they with the secret journal rather than the public one? How can they be considered as "proceedings" of the house at all?—— How, indeed, can the house *proceed* to act constitutionally upon them? Did the democrats ever pretend, even in the days of the famous British Treaty, that the house of representatives could claim a right of co-operating with the President and senate in the origination of a treaty, especially unconnected with the legislative power to regulate commerce? Or if the house could not claim the right, that the president could communicate it to them?

From this view of the subject it appears easy to establish, most unanswerably and conclusively, that the president possesses NO CONSTITUTIONAL POWER, *in any case whatever*, to impose any injunction of secrecy upon the members of the house of representatives.

Congress of the United States.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

FRIDAY, *April* 27.

The committee, in obedience to a resolution which passed the House of Representatives of the United States, on the 13th of March last, instructing them to enquire into the cause or causes of the great mortality in the detachment of the army of the United States ordered for the defence of New-Orleans, respectfully submit the following

REPORT.

[CONCLUDED.]

Detachment of the army ordered for the defence of New Orleans.

Aggregate according to the returns which have been printed 2 036

(B.) Absentees accounted for.

(C.) Return of the troops commanded by brigadier general Hampton, for December, 1809.

(D.) of the troops at the cantonment, Washington, M. T. for January, 1810.

(E.) of the troops at the the last mentioned cantonment, for February, 1810.

(F.) A return of deaths, desertions and discharges of the "additional military force" allotted for the defence of N. Orleans, for May, 1809, to 28th Feb. 1810, viz.

Deaths	636
Desertions	108
Discharges	58
	802

(G.) of the effective strength the "additional military force," allotted for the defence of New Orleans, taken from the latest reports which have been received at the inspectors, Washington city, April 16, 1810, aggregate, 1,184.

(H.) of a detachment of the United States' mariners, stationed at New Orleans, for the first of March, 1809, to the 31st of December, 1809, exhibiting the monthly force of the detachment, and the number of deaths respectively.

(I.)

Funds placed at the disposition of the Paymaster of the army of the United States, for the pay of the detachment ordered to New Orleans.

Sum estimated for this object for the year 1809,	$250,000
Lieut. Simeon Knight, district pay-master at New Orleans, was, in the early part of the year 1809, furnished with the sum of	100,000
In June 1809, lieutenant Simeon Knight, was authorised to draw for fifty thousand dollars of which sum he drew	40,000
July 1809, there was remitted to lieut. Simeon Knight, and received by him before the 7th of Aug. following the sum of	100,000
Authority was given in order to enable him to commence the payment of the troops for the year 1810, to draw for	60,000

(K.)

TROVISIONS.

These are furnished by contract. By the second article of the contract for supplying provisions to the troops, it is provided, "that it shall be in the option of the general or officer commanding an army or a great military district, to direct when and how often fresh or salt meat shall be issued by general orders, to be promulgated a reasonable time before the issue is to commence."

By the fourth article, "whenever in the opinion of the commanding officer, the provisions offered to be issued are unsound, unfit for use, or of an unmerchantable quality, a survey shall be held thereon by two disinterested persons, one to be chosen by the commanding officer, and the other by the contractor, or his agent; and in case of disagreement, a third person, to be chosen by mutual consent, who shall have power to condemn such part of the provisions as to them may appear unfit for use. "If the contractor or his agent fail or neglect to appoint a person to inspect the provisions after reasonable notice in writing, the commanding officer may appoint such person as he may think proper."

The 5th article authorises the commanding general "in case of absolute failure or deficiency in quantity of provisions contracted to be delivered and issued, to supply the deficiency by purchase, at the risque of the contractor." "The power conferred by the last article was in one instance exercised. That those granted by the fourth and fifth articles were not exercised, can be accounted for by this department on the presumption only, that in the opinion of the general the country could not furnish the supplies."

(L.) No. 1.

Instructions to the military agent at New Orleans, and amount of disbursements in that department.

The following instructions to A. D. Abrahams, the military agent at New-Orleans, to procure and deliver, on the order of the commanding officer, such articles as he may deem necessary for the public service" was given by the secretary of war, (General Henry Dearborne) on the 12th of December, 1808.

(L.) No. 2.

The secretary of war, (William Eustis, Esquire,) May 4th, 1809, wrote to A. M'Culloch, and informed him of his appointment as military agent; A. D. Abrahams having resigned. This letter contains many regulations for the agent's observance in executing the duties of his office. The above-mentioned is repeated, and the following additional one given: "the expenditures should be as economical as the good of the service will permit. No article, it is presumed, will be required of you, but such as the nature and good of the service actually demand. Should it happen, however, at any time, that demands are made upon you to a large amount, the propriety of complying with which you may doubt, and where delay may not in your judgment prove injurious to the public interest, you are to consult this department." It appears Mr. M'Culloch died in a few days after his arrival at New-Orleans; on which Major Zebulon M. Pike, of the sixth regiment, was appointed by General Wilkinson as successor to Mr. M'Culloch, and continued to discharge the duties of that office under the instructions given to Mr. M'Culloch, until the removal of the troops from the encampment at Terre au Bœuf.

(L) No. 7 & 3.

The secretary of war, in a letter addressed to the committee bearing date the 15th April, 1810, says, "representation being made to the accountant of this department that many articles in the accounts rendered by Mr. A. D. Abrahams, the military agent, were charged at extravagant prices, the necessity of some of which did not appear, and the prices of others being deemed exorbitant, the military agent was informed on the 10th of August last, that he was not authorised to comply with such requisition in future. This is the only limitation of the instructions before mentioned which has been made by this department." This last instruction to the military agent could have not reached him until some time in September last. The military agent, whenever he wanted funds, drew bills on the department of war, which were regularly paid.

(L) No. 4, 5, & 6.

Disbursements in the quarter-master and medical and hospital departments, by A. D. Abrahams, military agent.

On account of that part of the army stationed at New-Orleans, and in its vicinity, between the first of January and twentieth of July, 1809, (see document K.) [illegible] including payments made for the charter of a p[illegible]

of the vessel employed to transport the troops to this place, $ 55,188 43
Disbursements made by Major Pike, on the same account, from 21st of July to 31st Dec. 1809, 27,474 73

$ 82,663 16

Note. The above sum's embrace no part of the expenditures made on the fortifications erecting at New Orleans.

William Linnard, military agent at Philadelphia, in his letter of the 31st of March, 1810, states, that medical and hospital stores were shipped on board the schooner Hilsman; that she sailed from Philadelphia the 7th of January 1809: was detained by ice—sailed again the 5th of March following, and arrived at New Orleans the 5th of April, and delivered the stores the 7th and 8th.

(M.) No. 1 & 2.

CLOATHING.

By the same letter from William Linnard, military agent, it appears, that the brig North Star sailed from Philadelphia the 6th of July, 1809, with clothing for the troops—arrived at New Orleans the 22d of August, and delivered the same in three days after her arrival; which was within twelve months of the time that the men of that detachment had generally received their clothing for the preceding year.

[Here follows the depositions Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12.]

The committee from a knowledge which they have acquired of the climate of New Orleans and of the country surrounding it, are of opinion, that the mortality in the detachment ordered to New Orleans, is to be ascribed to the following causes:

1. The detachment consisting of new levies.

2. The insalubrity of the climate; the summer and autumn of the year 1809, being unusually sickly.

3 To the nature of the ground on which the detachment was encamped at Terre au Bœuf, and the detention of it at that place during the whole of the summer; contrary, as the committee conceive, to the instructions contained in the letter of the secretary of war bearing date the 30th April 1809.

4. To the want of sound and wholesome provisions and of vegetables; the want of an hospital and hospital stores and medicines.

5. The excessive fatigue to which the troops were subjected in clearing, ditching and draining the ground on which they were encamped.

6. To the want of repose during the night, owing to the troops not being provided with barrs or nets to protect them from the annoyance of musquetoes.

6. The want of cleanliness in the camp, the nature of the position rendering it almost impracticable to preserve it.

8. The sick and well being confined to the same tents, which neither protected them from the heat of the sun, nor kept them dry from the dews and rains.

E LEWIS

HAS JUST RECEIVED,

A handsome assortment of Fashionable STRAW BONNETS.

ALSO,

Figured Silks and Satins, and a variety of articles in the MILLENERY LINE.

☞ She intends removing her store in a few weeks to her dwelling house, a short distance from King street, and nearly opposite Mr. Ambrose Vasse's warehouse.

May 9. eotf

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Mr. *William Hodgson*, by bond, note, open account, or in any other manner, are hereby required to make payment to the subscriber, and all those having claims on the said estate, are required to deliver in the same duly authenticated to

John M'Iver, *Trustee.*

May 3. 2aw3w

TO RENT,

A convenient STORE and DWELLING, on Fairfax-street, lately occupied by *Hawkins* and *Alden*. Apply to

Jacob Butts.

☞ Madder.

JUST Received, a few hundred pounds of the first quality MADDER—And for sale by

BRYAN HAMPSON & CO.

May 10.

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 23.

Captain Ridgeway, who arrived here this morning from St. Bartholomews, informs us that admiral Cochrane had annulled his proclamation interdicting trade between that island and the British possessions in the West Indies. This information was received at St. Bartholomews a few hours before captain Ridgeway sailed.

(N. Y. pap. May 19.

Extract of a letter from London, dated March 24.

"The markets at Tonningen are exceedingly dull and full even to repletion; and the fresh arrivals must render them still worse. Quick returns cannot therefore, be expected, putting out of view any hostile proceeding of the French government.—Some sweeping measure of Bonaparte, like that adopted at Naples and St. Sebastians, &c. would crown the business at Holstein, and compleatly seal the property. The last letters from Paris express the fears of the writers that Denmark would be compelled to sequester the American property in her dominions."

Extract of a letter from Liverpool, March 24.

"This month very little business has been done in American produce, and prices have gradually declined. The purchases made have been almost entirely by consumers, and they have been deterred from buying more than was sufficient to supply their immediate wants, in consequence of the increased probability produced by every arrival from the U. States, of Macon's bill passing into a law: and the general expectation excited by the ministerial papers, that the negociations entered into between Mr. Pinkney and the marquis Wellesley, had taken such a favorable turn as to leave no doubt that all differences between the two governments would be speedily and amicably adjusted. The fall in prices, however, considering the large quantities of produce which, in the event of the bill passing, would no doubt be shipped to this country, has not been so great as might have been expected, as many of the principal holders decline offering, being of opinion that something of an unpleasant nature will yet occur to raise the market. Ashes is the only article which has remained steady, occasioned by the large quantities of Montreals exported by licence to the continent.

THE USE OF HISTORY.

[*An extract from a very sensible anonymous writer, but little read.*]

It is curious to observe what kind of attention we in general pay to the events of past ages. We read of the rise of kingdoms and the fall of empires, with a degree of carelessness, and treat them as fables of antiquity, in which we are but little concerned. We turn over a few pages, are pleased with the relation of battles and feats of valor, close the book, and suffer the impression to die away, not reflecting that they are beacons to *warn* posterity, and teach a powerful though silent lesson, which future periods should *learn* and *apply*.—On the other hand, by attending to *their* misfortunes, we may avoid our own, and by separating what was beautiful and noble in their constitutions from what was defective, we may be able to raise a superstructure that may be durable and permanent. In this view of history, one of the most powerful instructions it conveys is, the consequences that inevitably follow certain actions. These, as they might not at first have appeared fatal, were disregarded.—Experience fully disclosed them, and opened a scene of horror human prudence might not have foreseen. Time has at length fully attested that the chain and connection between these causes and effects is inevitable and certain. May this truth be impressed on the people, and the most happy, the most salutary consequences will ensue.

(Freeman's Journal.)

Port of Alexandria.

ENTERED,

Sloop Chancellor, Storer, New-York—Sundries—to different merchants.

CLEARED.

Schooner Ceres, Weeks, New-York—by J. and T. Vowell.

IN COMMON COUNCIL,

May 19, 1810.

Ordered, That the superintendant of police cut a ditch on or near that side of Patrick street southwardly to Cameron street and thence to Henry street, so as to draw off the stagnant water now lying in Patrick street, between Cameron and Queen streets, and that a sum not exceeding 50 dollars be appropriated to defray the expense.

Ordered, That the superintendant of police do proceed as soon as convenient to spread the gravel now lying on Conway's wharf on Union street, commencing at Conway's wharf and thence to King street, and that a sum not exceeding fifteen dollars be appropriated out of the funds of the northern district for said purpose.

Ordered, That the superintendant of police do proceed to repair the gravel part of Washington street between Queen and Montgomery streets, and that a sum not exceeding twenty dollars be appropriated for that purpose.

Ordered, That the superintendant of police proceed to repair Duke street between Fayette and St. Asaph street, and that a sum not exceeding thirty dollars be appropriated to defray the expense, to be paid out of the funds of the southern district.

Extract from the minutes.

ADAM LYNN, c. c.

PROPOSALS

BY BENJAMIN EDES & CO.

OF BALTIMORE,

For Publishing a New and Valuable Work, by Subscription, entitled,

An Universal Dictionary

OF

Commercial Geography;

CONTAINING all that relates to the situation and extent of *every commercial state in the world*, and a comprehensive and correct account of their agriculture and products, their manufactures, fisheries and mines, and the commerce resulting therefrom—their laws, customs, tribunals and administrations of commerce—their land carriage and navigation; their banks and commercial companies; their monies weights and measures; their exports and imports; their exchange and the balance of trade; their colonies, &c. &c. arranged in alphabetical order—*From the French of J. Peuchet*, author of the Dictionary of Police, of the Methodical Encyclopaedia, &c.

☞ The publishers have been at great expense in obtaining the only translation, revised and corrected by gentlemen of well known talents, which will make about 15 vols. 8 mo. containing 600 pages each, dedicated to the Merchants of the U. S. Copy right secured according to law.

The work now proposed to the public may be said to be a minature view of the commercial world, unfolding the commerce of every clime. It combines the experience of past ages with the trade of the present day. In the author's preliminary discourse and introduction, will be found a most interesting history of commerce from remote ages progressively until the publication of the work, together with the tables of the money of the different nations of the world; tables of the old and present weights, & measures of distance, surface, solids and capacity in France, adopted since the revolution, &c. &c. Therein all the intricacies and labyrinths of trade are brought into one view.

The high estimation in which the Commercial Geographical Dictionary is held in Europe, induces the publishers to cherish a hope that in their expectations of remuneration they will not be disappointed. They know not of any work in the English language on the subject of which it treats, of so general importance.

Gentlemen acquainted with the real merits of the work will be highly gratified in seeing it in Englih dress, to effect which the publishers have not hesitated to encounter every obstacle, and brave every expense. They are determined that the work shall be executed in a style which shall not deteriorate the character of the American press.

CONDITIONS.

The work will make at least 15 large octavo volumes, containing 600 pages each, and printed on a new type and paper of a good quality.

It will be delivered to subscribers bound in boards, at $3 for each volume, payable on delivery. To non subscribers the price will be enhanced.

It is expected one volume will be delivered each month from the commencement. A list of the patrons of the work will be added to the last volume.

☞ Subscriptions received at this office.

May 18.—22.

FOR SALE,

The HOUSES and LOTS at the corner of Duke and Royal streets, late the property of *Elisha Janney*. Also, a half acre LOT at the corner of Cameron and Henry streets—on very liberal terms.

Richard M. Scott, *Trustee*

For creditors of E. Janney.

May 22. 3aw

Public Sale.

On THURSDAY next will be sold, at the Vendue Store on a credit of 3 & 6 months,

8 bales Osnaburgs and Hollands
1 do. India stripes
1 trunk white threads
1 do. white jeans, &c.
1 do. stockings
1 do. stuffs
1 do. Marseilles waistcoating
Several packages of hard ware
1 package artificial flowers, Ivory combs, &c &c.

P. G. Marsteller.

May 23.

WILLIAM RAMSAY,

Prince-street, opposite the Vendue Store,

Offers for sale on the most reasonable terms, the following

ARTICLES,

Part of which are just received from Philadelphia:—

GUNPOWDER, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, & Hyson-Skin; *Fresh* TEAS, *Imported in the ship Pacific, and particularly selected,*
Liquors—a general assortment
Spices, of every description
Best Green Coffee, and first and second quality Chocolate
Loaf, Lump, and Muscovado Sugars
Spermaceti, Mould and Dipt Candles
Box and Casks Raisins
Almonds, Figs and Tamarinds
New Orleans, Natchitoches, and Garret's Philadelphia Snuff
Best Spanish Segars & Chewing Tobacco
Fresh Sallad Oil, Capers, Olives, Anchovies, and Mushroom Catchup
West India and Sugar House Molasses
Georgia Cotton
Rice, Pearl Barley, Fig Blue, Starch, Indigo, Mustard, and Basket Salt
Lisbon Baskets, a variety.
Wrapping and Writing Paper
Hair Sifters
Sweeping and Scrubbing Brushes
Leading Lines, Traces and Bed Cords
Mens fine and coarse Shoes
Smithfield Bacon and Venison Hams.

A constant supply of
Jamieson's Water Crackers
Sifted Indian Corn Meal
Fresh Fruits
A quantity of Irish Seed Potatoes
A neat assortment of Earthen Ware, from the Columbian pottery, Philadelphia—with which he will be constantly supplied, &c. &c.

May 23. eotf

Extract of a Law of the Corporation.

BE IT ENACTED, That the persons living on paved streets, shall clean the footways and gutters opposite the property they occupyd and shall moreover wash such footways every *Saturday*, from the first day of May to the last day of September, unless prevented by the weather.

The citizens of Alexandria are respectfully requested to notice the above extract, as the law will be strictly adhered to by

Richard Lewis, S. P.

May 18. d1w

SALT AFLOAT.

2500 Bushels coarse Liverpool Salt,

On board the schooner Saragossa from Norfolk,

Will be sold on very liberal terms by

Lawrason & Fowle,

Who have Just Received,

1 Case superior quality nutmegs
400 pieces yellow Nankeens.

May 14.

Just Published and for Sale

At the Book-Stores of Robert Gray, James Kennedy, sen. and Cottom & Stewart, and at the office of the Alexandria Daily Gazette,

—(PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS)—

AN

ORATION

ON

THE BIRTH OF WASHINGTON;

DELIVERED BEFORE THE WASHINGTON SOCIETY OF ALEXANDRIA,

BY

ROBERT GOODLOE HARPER, ESQ.

ONE OF ITS MEMBERS,

ON THE

22d FEBRUARY, 1810,

AND PUBLISHED BY ITS ORDER.

The Dyer's Assistant

Just received and for sale by James Kennedy, sen.

(PRICE ONE DOLLAR.)

ALSO,

Mrs. Fulhame's Essay on Combustion, with a view to the new art of Dying and Painting.

April 18.

Coach-making, in all its various Branches.

E. P. TAYLOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he continues to carry on the *Coach-making Business* in all its various branches, at the shop in Fairfax-street, formerly occupied by *Rhea* and *Taylor*, where all orders in his line of business will be strictly attended.

From an establishment of three years in the above line of business he is able to say, as a proof of his workmanship, he has many vouchers.

Gentlemen who may please to favor him with their orders for Carriages of any kind or description, may depend on having their work executed with neatness and strength.

N. B. All kinds of Carriages and Harnesses made and repaired with neatness and dispatch.

FOR SALE,

A second hand Coaches with Harness.

Public Sale.

Pursuant to an order of the county court of Fairfax, will be sold, at public sale, on the premises, at 12 o'clock on the 28th day of the present month, if fair; if not, on the next fair day, at the same time and place; so much of the tract of land known by the name of

WEST GROVE,

As will be sufficient to raise the sum of one hundred pounds. The land proposed for sale lies on the south side of Hunting Creek, and contiguous to the bridge. It will be laid off to suit purchasers and sold for cash.

The Commissioners.

May 8. 3tawts

Public Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust from Mr. *William Hodgson* to the subscriber, to secure the payment of a debt to the Bank of Alexandria, will be exposed to Auction, on the premises on *Wednesday the 30th day of May, ensuing*,

One Lot situate on Prince-street, in the town of Alexandria, fronting thereon 30 feet, running thence westwardly about 88 feet, thence eastwardly 44 feet, thence southwardly 24 feet, thence westwardly about 14 feet, thence southwardly to the beginning about 64 feet. On this lot is an excellent three story brick house with extensive and commodious brick back buildings in the occupation of John Hopkins, esquire. The lower part contains a large store, compting house and cellars. This property is well suited to the accommodation of a family and the carrying on of an extensive business.

One other Lot adjoining the above, fronting on Prince street about thirty four feet, and extending northwardly sixty-four feet. On this lot is an excellent frame warehouse, with back buildings, and a cellar under the whole. This property is well suited to an extensive wet goods business.

One other Lot on Water-street to the north of and adjoining a 4 feet alley, at the end of Messrs Faxon and Co's store; fronting thereon 24 feet and extending westwardly to the rear of the two before mentioned lots 60 feet. On this lot, in front, is a shed warehouse 20 by 40, and on the back a stable of about 16 by 22.

A credit of 9, 18 and 27 months will be given for notes negotiable at the bank of Alexandria with approved endorsers, carrying interest from the date. A lien will be required on the property to secure the payment of the purchase money.

Thomas Swann, *Trustee.*

April 17—18. eots

PUBLIC SALE.

Under the authority of a deed of trust to the subscriber, on Monday the 28th day of May next, will be offered at public sale, on a credit of 60 and 90 days, at the tavern of Wm Padget, on the Western Turnpike Road, five miles from Alexandria,

A Tract of Land

CONTAINING 36 1-4th acres: lying on the said road and on the old turnpike. For the convenience of purchasers the whole tract has been laid off into lots fronting on the said roads. A survey of the land may be seen on application to the subscriber.

R. L. Taylor.

April 28. eots

TUITION.

THE subscriber continues to teach the *French Language* at his residence corner of Prince and Royal streets. Ladies and gentlemen will be waited on at their places of abode at such hours as they may appoint. Terms of tuition may be known by applying to him.

John Frignet.

N. B. The French translated into English the English into French.

april

A NEW NOVEL.

Just Published, and for Sale by COTTOM & STEWART,

Price 1 Dollar,

GLENCARN;

OR

THE DISAPPOINTMENTS OF YOUTH,

A NOVEL.

By George Watterston, Esq.

Of Washington City,

Author of the Lawyer and Child of Feeling.

The celebrity of this author's "LAWYER," and "CHILD OF FEELING" induced the publishers to engage in this work, and without detracting from the merits of the former, feel themselves justified in stating that his GLENCARN is superior to either. It is submitted without further recommendation, with a wish, that the American reviewers may give further encouragement to this young gentleman's endeavors to entertain instruct and moralize his fellow citizens, in a way seemingly well calculated to attract their attention.

Feb. 6.

GRAND LOTTERY,

Three Prizes of 25,000 Dolls. each

STATE OF NEW-YORK,

Union College Lottery, No. I.

MANAGERS.

William W. Gilbert, Benjamin Dewitt, George Merchant, Isaac Dennison, AND *Stephen Thorne.*

SCHEME.

3	Prizes of	$25,000 is	$75,000
1		10,000	10,000
1		5 000	5,000
4	250 Tickets each,	7,000	7,000
2		2,000	4,000
5		1,000	5,000
28		500	14,000
30		200	6,000
50		100	5,000
100		50	5,000
200		20	4,000
10,500		10	105,000
10,924	Prizes,		245,000
24,076	Blanks,		
35,000	Tickets, at 7 dollars, is		245,000

Less than 2 1-4 Blanks to a prize; subject to a deduction of 15 per cent. Prizes payable 30 days after the conclusion of the drawing.

OF THE ANNEXED PRIZES.

1st drawn No. 10th day of drawing, entitled to $1,000.
1st do. 15th do. 250 Tickets from No. 1 to No. 250, inclusive.*
1st do. 20th do. 250 do from No. 251 to 500, inclusive.
1st do. 25th do. 550 do. from No. 22,001 to 22,250, inclusive
1st do 30th do. 250 do from No. 22,251 to 22,500, inclusive,
1st do. 35th do. Cash, 25,000 dolls.
1st do. 40th do. 1000
1st do. 45th do. 25,000

First 4000 Blanks drawn to be entitled to a Ten Dollar prize each.

☞ The drawing will commence in the City of New York on the third Tuesday in April next, and will continue to draw 600 Tickets each day (except the last day, when there will remain 800 to be drawn) until finished.

Tickets for sale by R. GRAY, Bookseller, King street, Alexandria, where all tickets sold by him may be examined, and information obtained respecting the Lottery during the drawing, free of expence. Prizes in the Baltimore College Lottery will be taken at their full value for Tickets in this Lottery, and the difference paid in cash. Cash will also be advanced for prizes as soon as drawn, at a moderate discount.

Present price of tickets eight dollars.

January 1.

* Should the first number, on the 15th day of drawing, be either of the numbers from 1 to 250, inclusive, then, in that case, the next drawn number (not one of those numbers) shall draw, and be entitled to the 250 tickets, with the prizes and blanks that may be drawn to them previous to the 15th day of drawing; and in the like manner with tickets for the 20th, 25th, and 30th days of drawing; so that a person with one ticket may draw One Thousand Tickets! Question—How? Answer—Suppose No. 11,175, is the property of A the first drawn number on the 15th day of drawing, which will entitle A to the numbers from 1 to 250; and the first drawn number on the 20th day of drawing, may be No 375, which will entitle him to the numbers from 251 to 500. The first drawn number, on the 25th day, may be No. 375, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,001 to 22,250, inclusive; and the first drawn number, on the 30th day of drawing, may be one of the 750 tickets already drawn, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,250 to 22,500—Yes, sir, and the thousand tickets may draw One Hundred Thousand Dollars!

SPANISH MERINO SHEEP FOR SALE.

On TUESDAY the 5th day of June next, will be sold to the highest bidder at Broomlawn, near the town of Alexandria,

Six full blooded Spanish Merino Rams,

which have just arrived in the ship Diana from Spain. These sheep have been selected with care, and are believed to be of the first class of Merinos.

The sale will take place at 12 o'clock, and a credit of ninety days will be given for notes negotiable in the Bank of Alexandria, with approved indorsers.

James H. Hooe.

May 9. eots.

Public Sale.

By virtue of a deed of trust from *William Hodgson* to the subscriber, to secure the payment of a debt due from him to the Bank of Potomac, will be exposed to auction, on the premises, on the 23d day of JUNE next, the following Property in the town of Alexandria, to wit:—

One piece or parcel of Ground with the improvements thereon, lying on the south side of Prince street and bounded as follows:—Beginning on Prince street 22 feet to the eastward of Water street, and running thence eastwardly with Prince street 23 feet, thence southwardly 44 feet 4 inches, thence westwardly 23 feet, thence northwardly to the beginning.

ALSO,

One other piece of Ground, with the improvements thereon, lying & being on the south side of Prince street 45 feet to the eastward of Water street, and running thence eastwardly with Prince street 40 feet, thence southwardly 44 feet, thence westwardly 40 feet, thence to the beginning.

ALSO,

One other piece or parcel of unimproved Ground, lying on the north side of Prince street & to the westward of Washington street; beginning at the intersection of those streets and running westwardly with Prince street 62 feet 5 inches, thence northwardly 70 feet, thence eastwardly 62 feet 5 inches to Washington street, thence to the beginning.

This property will be sold upon a credit of one, two and three years, for notes negotiable in the Bank of Potomac, with approved endorsers, carrying interest from the day of sale. A lien will be required upon the property sold to secure the payments.

Thomas Swann, *Trustee.*

May 12—17.

New Cordage Store.

THE subscriber informs his friends, and the public generally, that he has commenced business on Merchants Wharf, between King and Prince streets, in the house lately occupied by the United States as an office of inspection; where he intends to keep a general assortment of CORDAGE, made by *John Chalmers*, sen. rope-maker for the government of the United States. This cordage he presumes, will bear a comparison with any made on the continent.

All orders directed to him from any part of the Union, for cordage of the above kind, will be attended to, and executed with dispatch.

He keeps for sale a variety of articles in the ship chandlery line. Also, salt, sugar, coffee, &c. and superfine flour selected for family use. Cash given for hemp, wheat and corn.

Joseph Rowen.

May 10 2aw3w

☞ *New Ale & Porter Cellar.*

THE subscriber respectfully informs the Public that he has on hand, and intends to keep a constant supply of the best

PHILADELPHIA

ALE, PORTER and BEER,

which he can recommend; for sale by the bottle, dozen, quart or gallon, in a healthy part of the town, on the north side of King street, two doors west of the Diagonal Pump.

James Pover.

May 16. eo3t

ISAAC KELL,

Coppersmith, Plumber, and Tin-Plate-Worker,

HAVING REMOVED from Water to Prince street, two doors above the corner of the late Col. Hooe, informs those who have hitherto favored him with their custom, and those who may be disposed to do so, that he will thankfully receive and endeavor to merit their favors.

Cash or exchange given for old Copper, Brass, Pewter or Lead.

WANTED,

A BOY of good morals as Apprentice to the above business.

March 29. 3aw

ORIGINAL FAMILY MEDICINES,

Prepared by RICHARD LEE & SON,

Have been in high estimation and general use throughout the United States, for upwards of ten years. And, it is no inconsiderable evidence of their utility, that during the above period, numerous imitations of every article, the productions of ignorance and experience, urged by envy and penury, have been intruded on the public, seen for a day, and then perished! Others now succeed them, which in like manner are fast descending to the tomb of the Capulets; while our remedies become more generally used, and acquire a daily accession of deserved celebrity.

Lee's Worm-destroying Lozenges.

This medicine is superior to any ever offered to the public, being innocent and mild certain and efficacious in its operations.—Should no worms exist in the body, it will without pain or griping, cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal disorders.

Lee's Elixer.

A certain remedy for colds, coughs, asthmas, and particularly the whooping cough, so destructive to children.

Lee's Essence of Mustard,

So well known for the cure of rheumatisme, gout, palsy, sprains, &c. &c.

Lee's Grand Restorative,

Proved by long experience to be unequalled in the cure of nervous disorders, consumptions, lowness of spirits, inward weakness, &c.

Lee's Anti-Bilious Pills,

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers.

Lee's Sovereign Ointment for the Itch,

Which is warranted an infallible remedy at one application.

Infallible Ague & Fever Drops,

For the cure of agues, remittent, and intermittent fevers.

Lee's Genuine Persian Lotion,

Celebrated for the cure of ring worms setter, &c.

Lee's Genuine Eye Water.

An effectual remedy for all diseases of the eyes.

Tooth-ache Drops.

Which give immediate relief.

Lee's Damask Lip Salve.

Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums.

The Anodyne Elixir,

For the cure of every kind of head-ach.

The Indian Vegetable Specific,

For the cure of venereal complaints.

Those medicines having come into general use, they are frequently purchased not only by Druggists, but by country store keepers to sell again; in order that the purchasers may be confident they have the original *genuine* medicines; wherever they purchase they have but to observe, that every article of medicine has on the outward wrapper the signature of the proprietors.

Michael Lee & Co.

late Richard Lee and Son.

☞ Sold, by appointment, at Nicholas Hingston's, Fairfax street, and at Robert Gray's, bookseller, King street.

February law6w

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber, after a lapse of time necessarily consumed in the preparation of his house, respectfully announces to the citizens of Alexandria, as well as the community at large, that he has taken for a term of years that noted and eligible establishment known by the name of the CITY HOTEL, and once occupied by Mr. Gadsby, whose distinguished abilities as a Publican gave it an eclat which the subscriber hopes to preserve by his unremitted exertions in affording to all those who may confer on him the favor of their patronage, genteel and comfortable accommodations. The subscriber deems it unnecessary to indicate the multiplicity of conveniences attached to the City Hotel, and will only submit a description to that portion of travellers who have so generally attested its numerous advantages.

James Brook.

February 20 1aw